

# From Loppers to Lasers, Labor-Saving Engineering Advances for Grapes and Apples Leaves it Pretty Open

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# Introduction

- An important practice of the U.S. speciality crop production is “dormant pruning”
- However, it is one of the most costly and labor-intensive operations





# Introduction

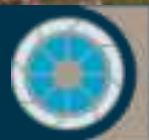
- For grapevines, accounts for 20% of direct vineyard production costs —the highest expense among direct cost
- For fruit trees, dormant pruning accounts for 20-22% of total labor costs —the second largest labor input after harvesting





# Introduction

- The main reasons are due to its dependency on:
  - A large number of seasonal labor
  - Increasing labor cost
  - Uncertainty of the availability of labor





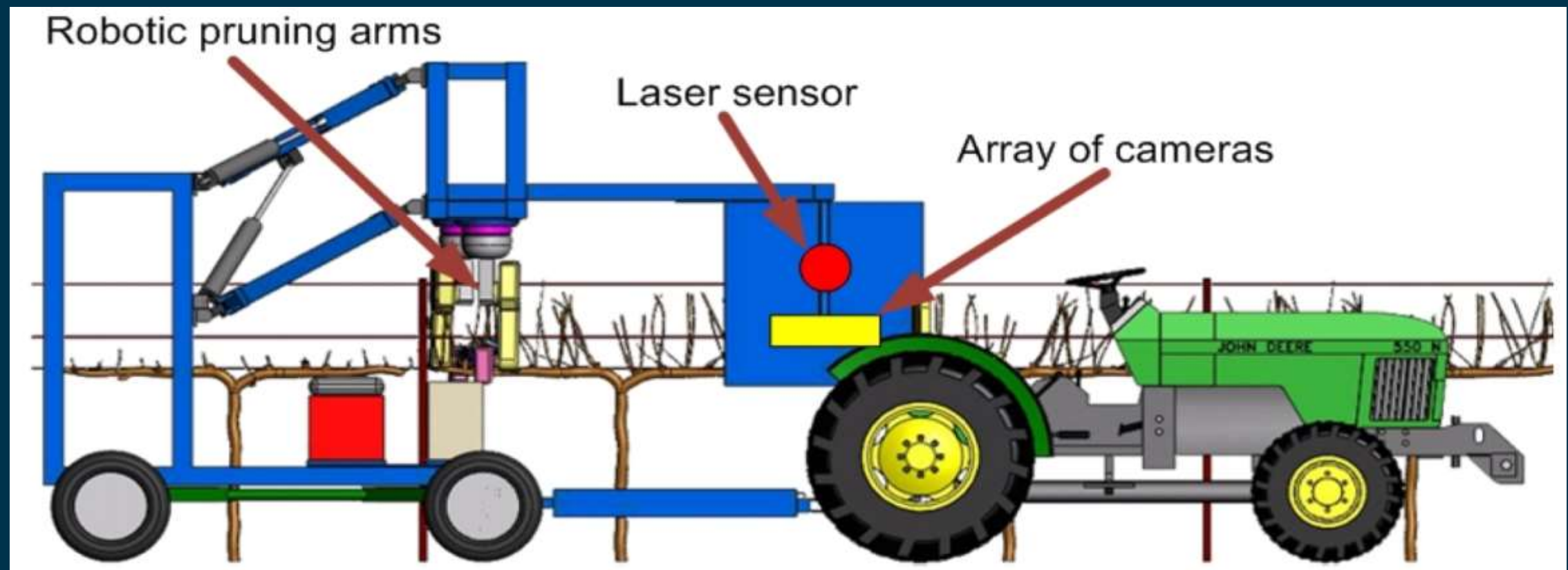
# Why is the Automated Pruning?

- To mitigate the need for large, skilled workforce:
  - Develop innovative technologies for automating the pruning of grape and apple
  - Use modern sensors, computers and robotic manipulators.



# How Automated Pruning Will Affect the Farmers?

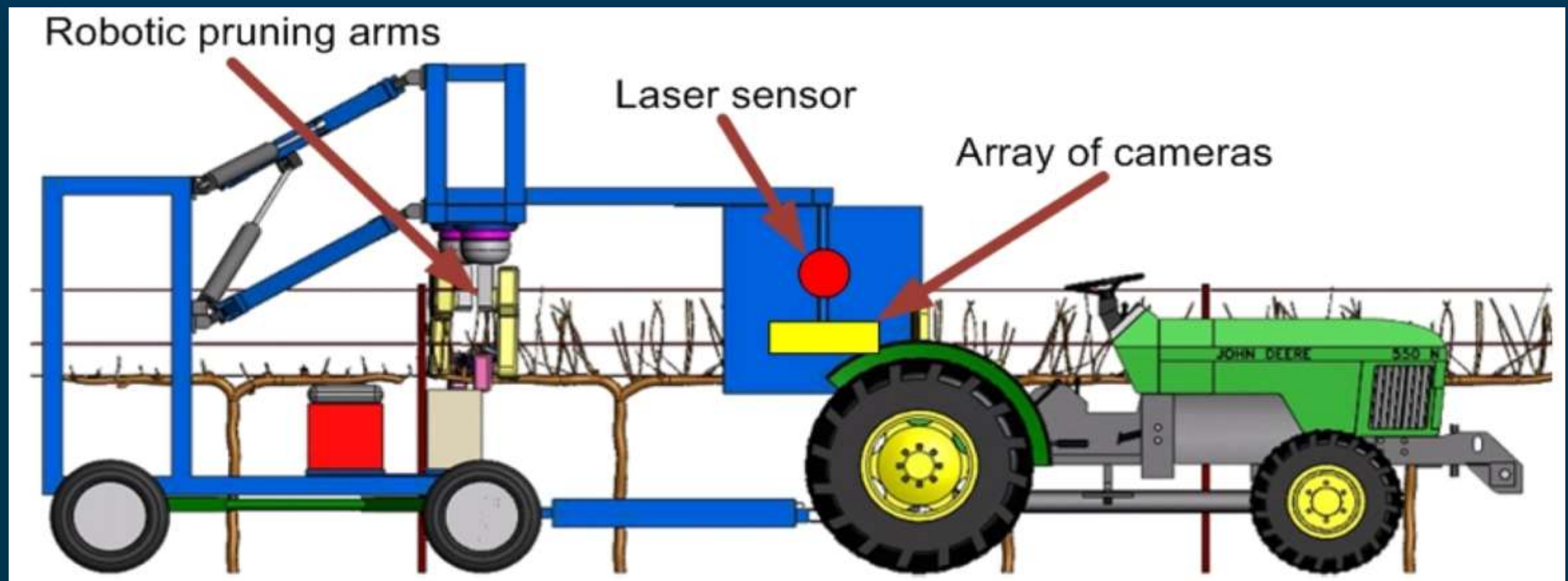
- This research will lead to a mechanical pruner that uses a 3D imaging and decision system for:
  - Data acquisition and 3D modeling of the trees (obtain estimated information such as the radius, angle, etc.)
  - An automatic pruning using the rules acquired from experts that describe the optimal pruning on the estimated data of the tree-model





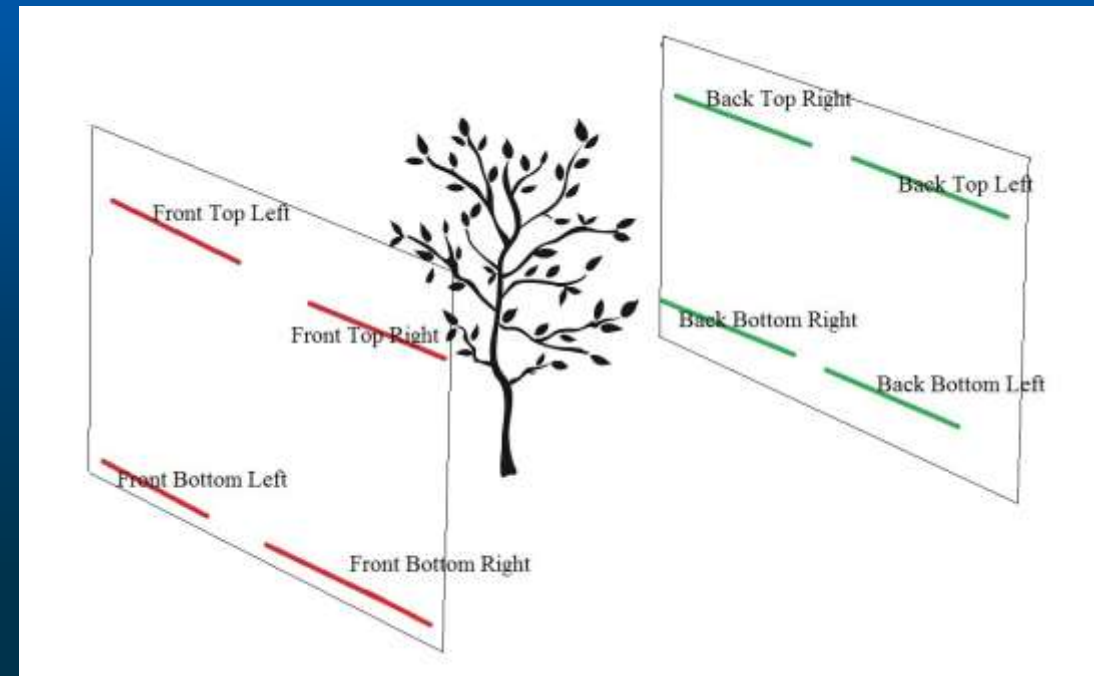
# Towards Automated Pruning

- A 3D imaging and decision system requires:
  - Data acquisition
  - Reconstruction and modeling of the tree (estimate information: radius, angle, etc.)
  - Evaluate the model (compare estimated data with the ground-truth data)
  - Apply the pruning rules –from experts -- that describe optimal pruning rules



# Automated Pruning I: Data Acquisition

## Method 1: LASER SCANNER



## Method 2: Microsoft Kinect 2





# Comparison Between Kinect and LIDAR

- Advantages of Kinect over LIDAR:
  - Light-weight
  - Inexpensive (\$200)
  - Accurate, high resolution output in both outdoor and indoor environments



# How to use Kinect for Data Acquisition?

Original Tree





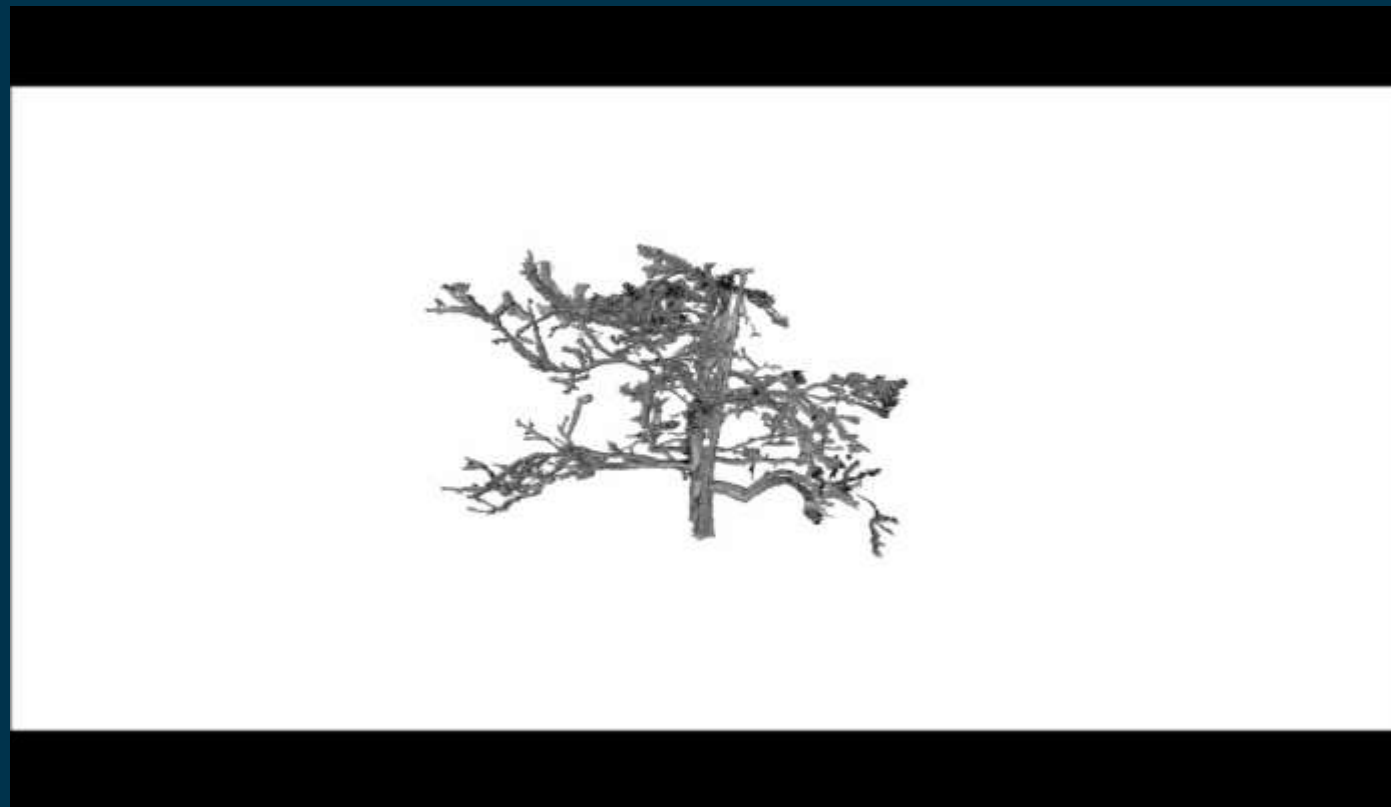
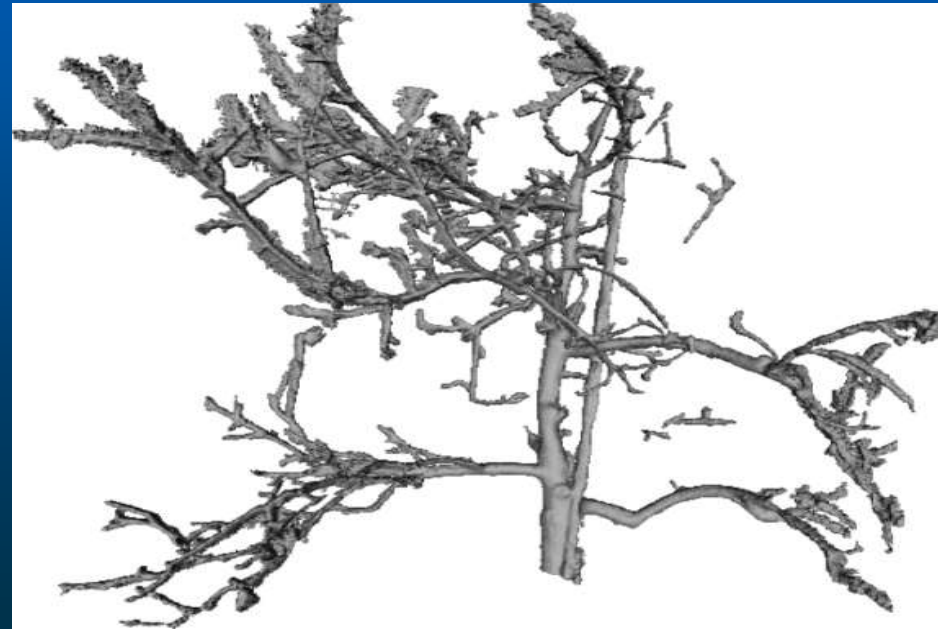
# Automated Pruning II: 3D Reconstruction

## Indoor Environment



# Automated Pruning II: 3D Reconstruction

Outdoor environment: Meig Orchard





# Automated Pruning II: 3D Modeling

**Original tree**



**Red indicates detected trunk**



**Colors indicate detected branches**

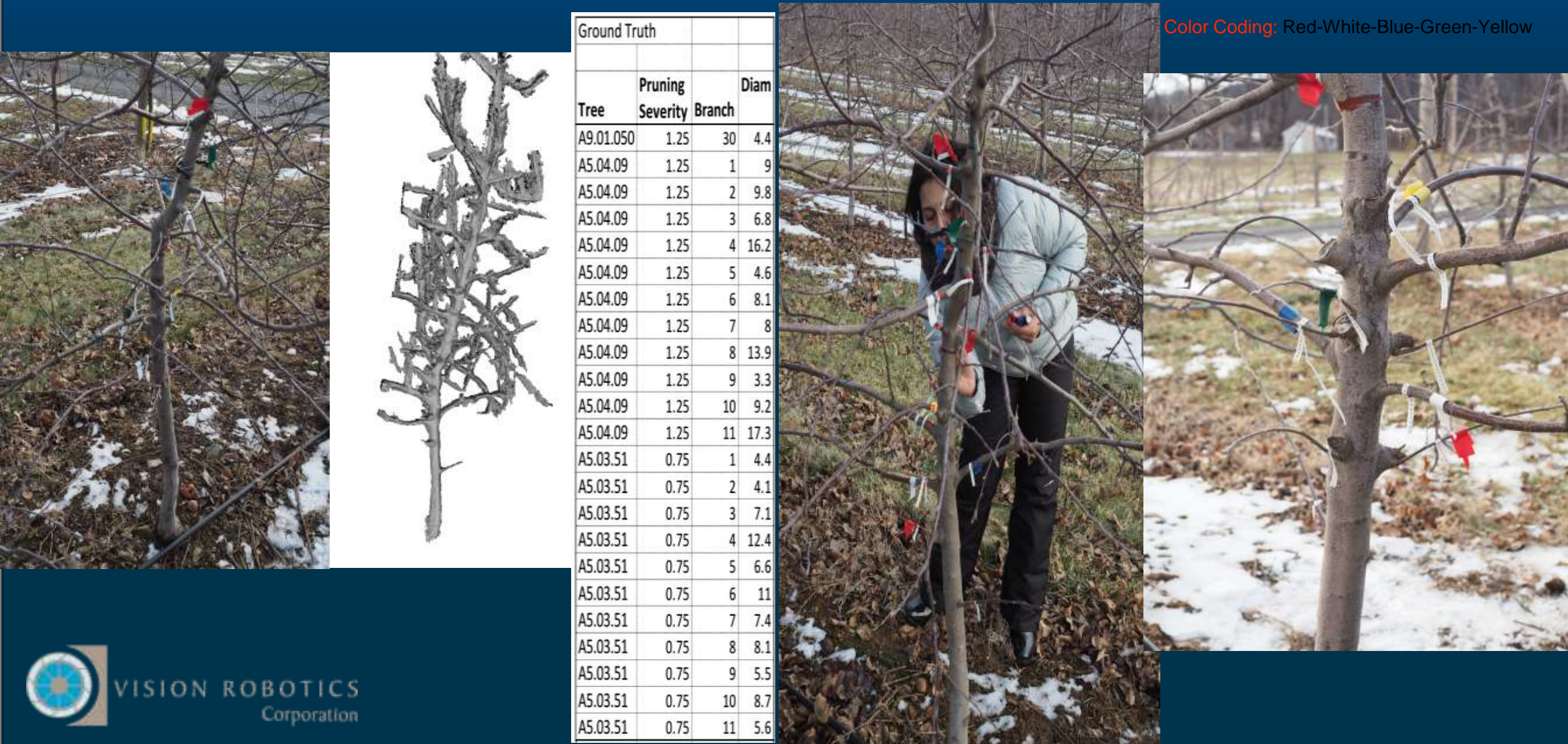




# Automated Pruning III: Evaluate the Model

- **Where we currently stand:**

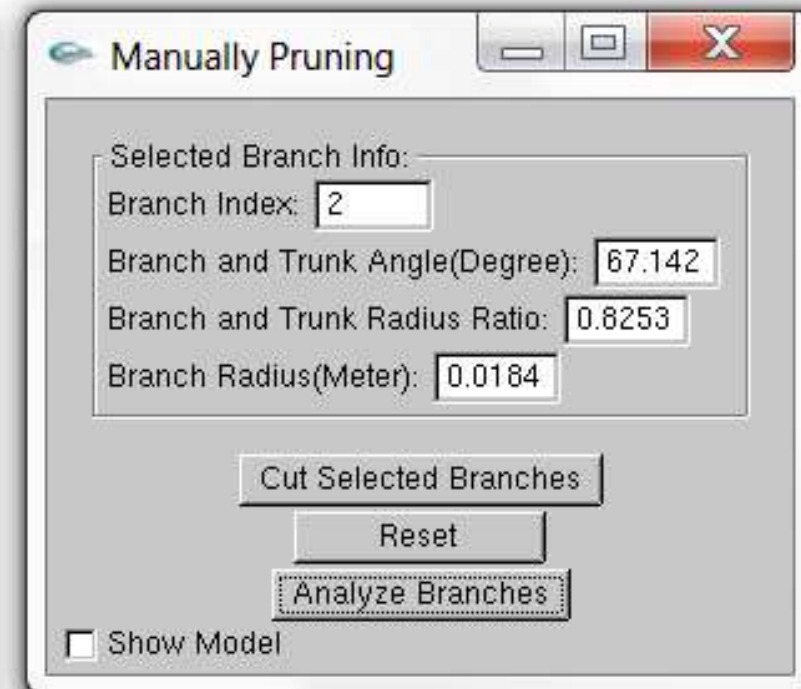
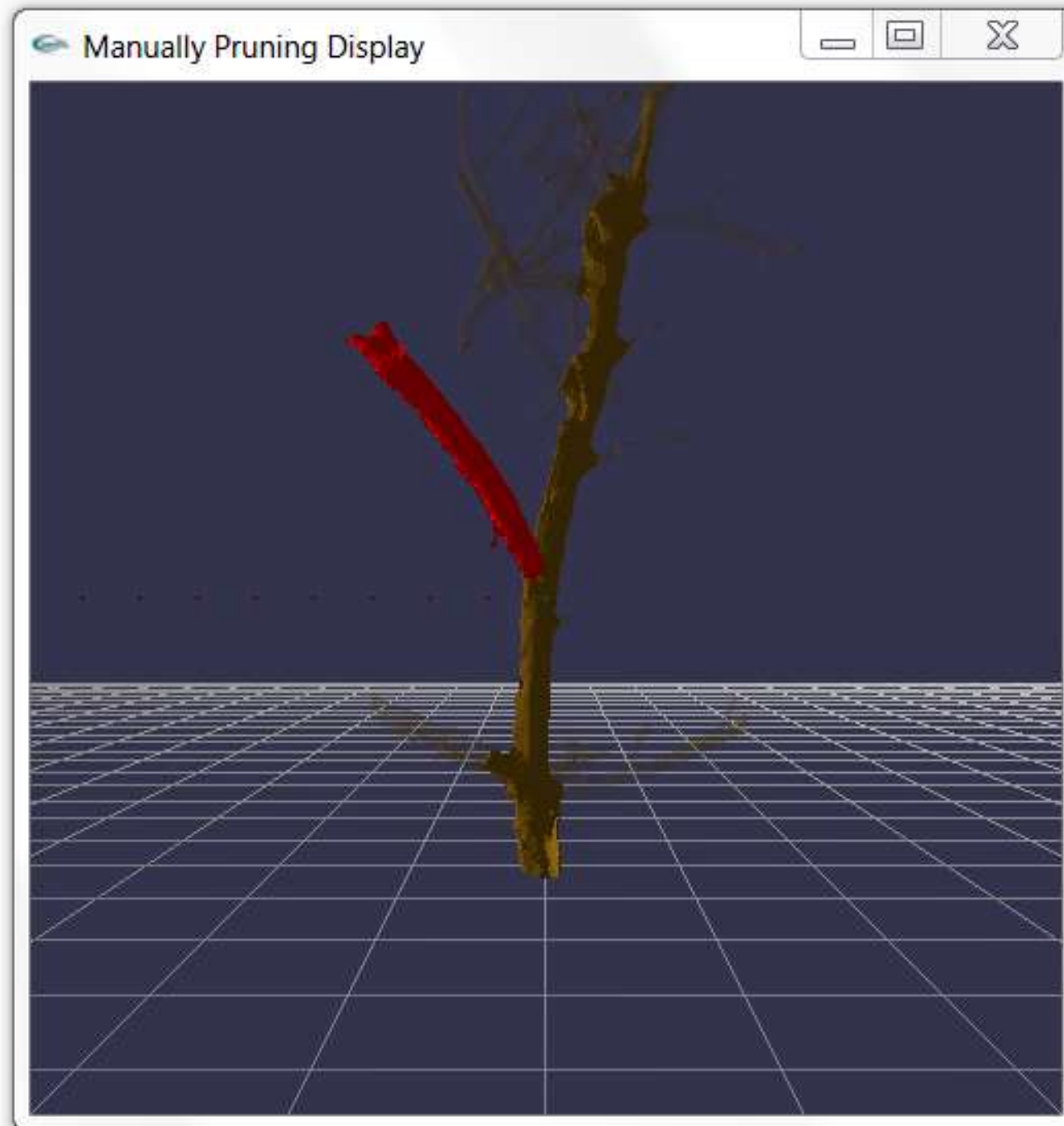
- We collect real data from orchards (Meig, Penn-state university, Paramount).
- We obtain pruning rules from experts
- We obtain the ground-truth data from experts
- We setup a Ground-truth annotation for verification





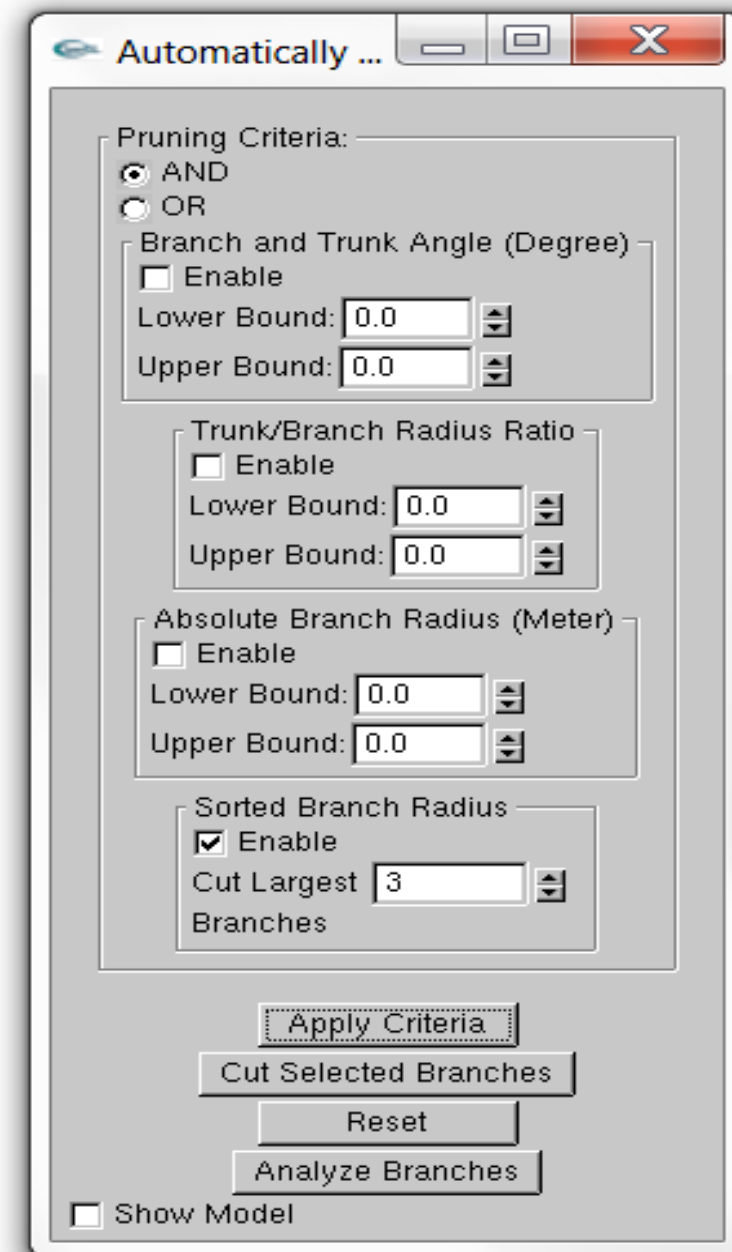
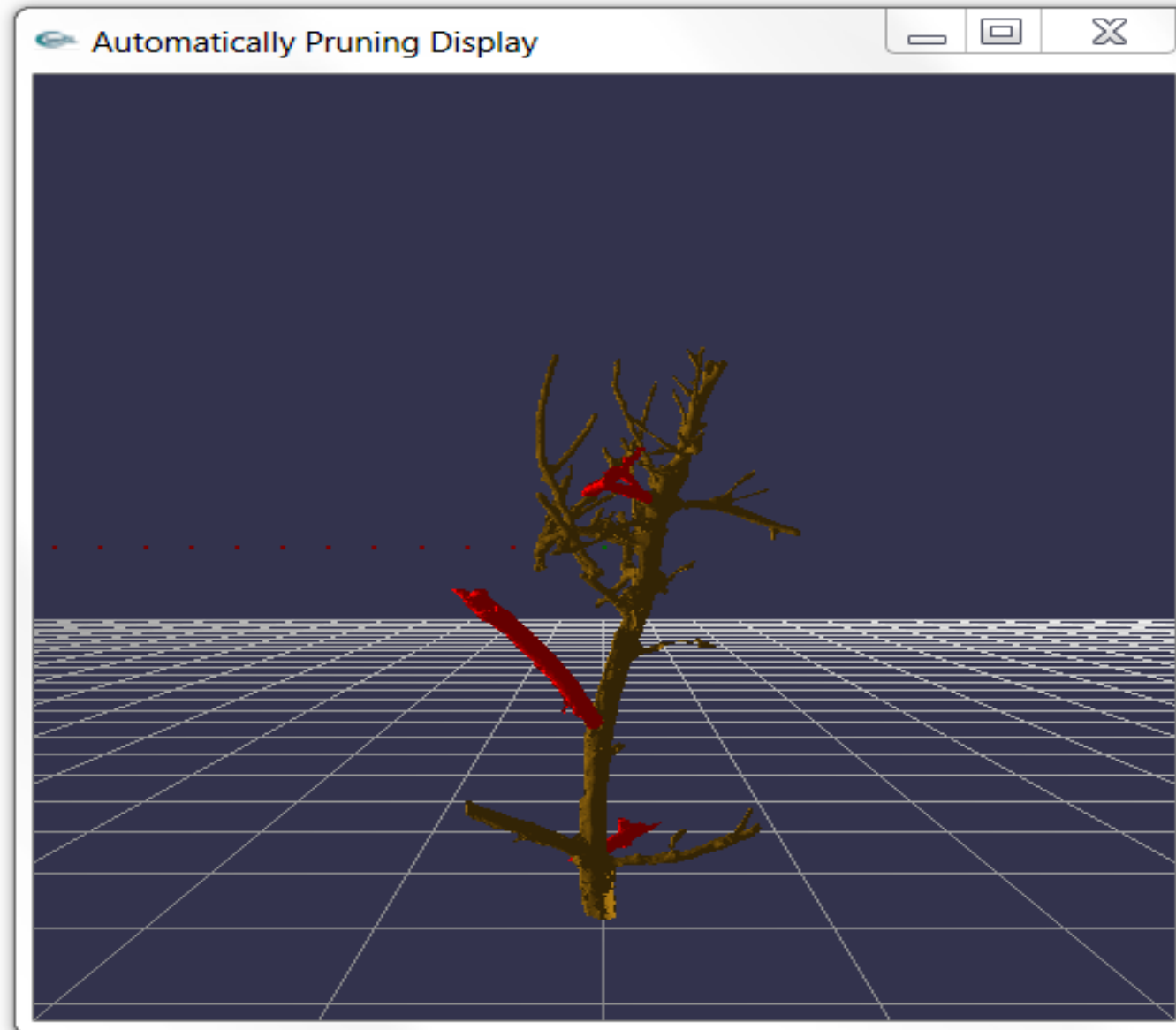
# Automated Pruning III: Visualize the Model

- We build a visualization tool to demonstrate the 3D model before and after pruning based on:



# Automated Pruning III: Visualize the Model

Automatic Pruning (Rule-based pruning): selection of the largest 3 branches

A configuration window titled "Automatically ...". It contains several sections for setting pruning criteria:

- Pruning Criteria:** Radio buttons for ☒ AND and ☐ OR.
- Branch and Trunk Angle (Degree):** A checkbox ☐ Enable. If enabled, there are input fields for Lower Bound (0.0) and Upper Bound (0.0) with up/down arrows.
- Trunk/Branch Radius Ratio:** A checkbox ☐ Enable. If enabled, there are input fields for Lower Bound (0.0) and Upper Bound (0.0) with up/down arrows.
- Absolute Branch Radius (Meter):** A checkbox ☐ Enable. If enabled, there are input fields for Lower Bound (0.0) and Upper Bound (0.0) with up/down arrows.
- Sorted Branch Radius:** A checkbox ☒ Enable. If enabled, there is a dropdown menu for "Cut Largest" set to 3, with the label "Branches" below it.

At the bottom, there are four buttons: "Apply Criteria", "Cut Selected Branches", "Reset", and "Analyze Branches". At the very bottom, there is a checkbox ☐ Show Model.



# How the Automated Pruning Will Affect the Farmers?

- This project will result in:
  - Reduced labor requirements for pruning
  - More precise management of tree architecture
- The proposed robotic pruner will enhance fruit production through improvements in:
  - Production economy (reduce cost)
  - Quality (assist farmers, use pruning rules by experts, save time)
  - Dependability (help when lack of labor)
  - Consistency

# Acknowledgment

- Penn State University
- Paramount Commercial Orchard
- Horticulture Department at Purdue



# Vision Robotics Corporation

*Tony Koselka  
San Diego, California*

Our Systems Understand The Real World



VISION ROBOTICS  
Corporation



# This Is An Exciting Time For Mechanization

- The components are ready
  - Powerful computers
  - Low cost vision and other sensors
  - Small powerful electric motors
  - Better batteries
- Similar robots and mechanisms in other industries
- A body of work being developed for specialty crops



# Some Tasks Are Easier To Mechanize

- Labor intensive
- Processed fruits and vegetables
- Indiscriminate
- No contact with delicate fruit
- Repetitive
- Long season
- Row crops meet most of this criteria and are largely automated

# Crop Load Estimates for Tree Fruit





# Robots Must Be Fast, Efficient And Thorough

- Robots are expensive
  - Computers
  - Arms
  - Sensors
- Vision Robotics' systems model the plant and work holistically
  - Understanding the plant enables high quality, cost effective operation

# Vineyard Operations Are Being Mechanized

- Harvesters, hedge pruners, shoot thinning, leaf blowing
- Indiscriminate systems
- Quality not equal to hand labor





# Vision Robotics' Autonomous Grapevine Pruner –High Quality Mechanization

Vision Robotics Grapevine Pruner

Status and Operational Concept

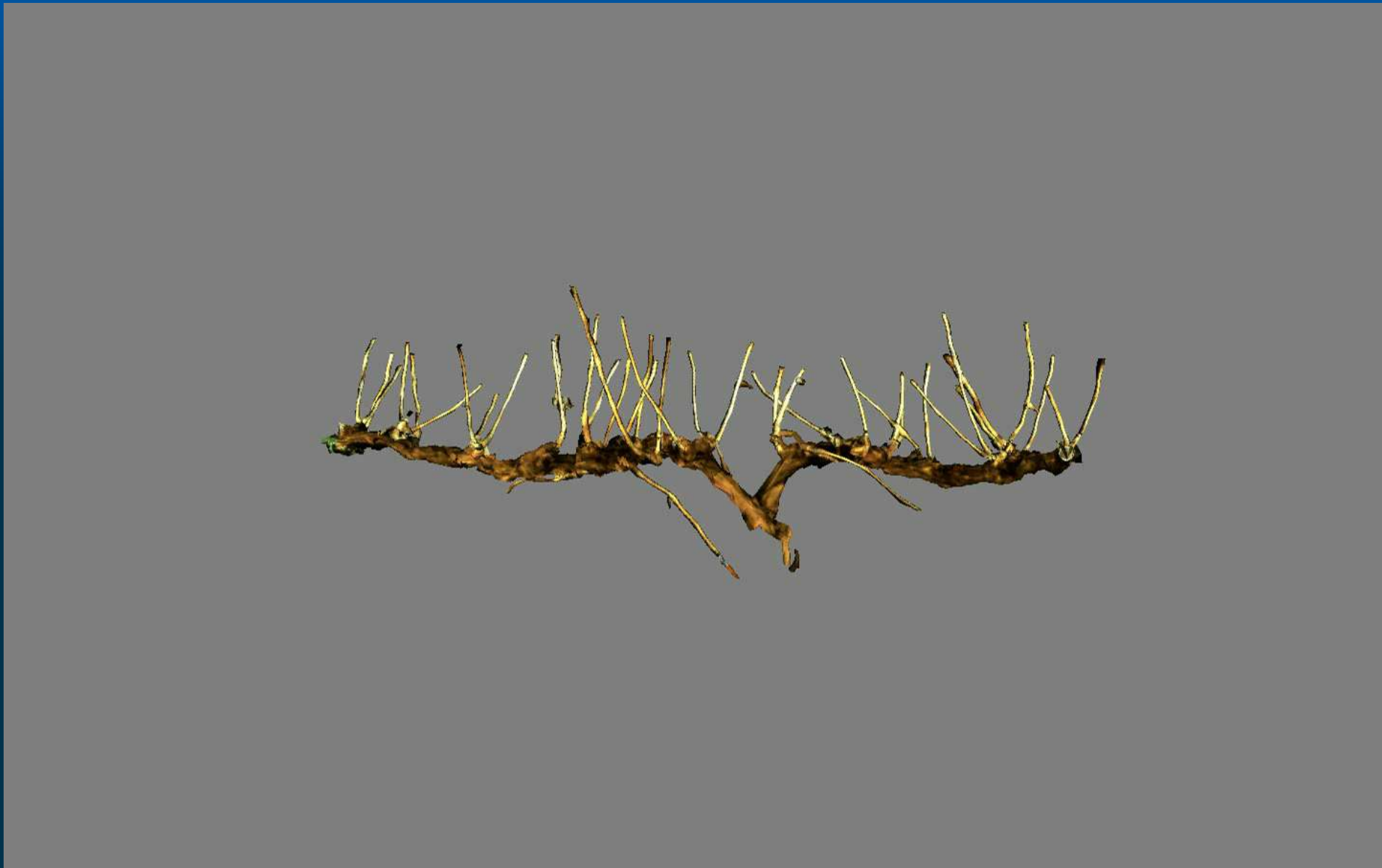


# Many Parts Of The Plants Can Be Identified And Modeled

- Crop load
  - Quantity
  - Size
- Plant structure
  - Trunk
  - Cordon
  - Spurs
  - Canes
  - Buds
  - Trellis structure



# The Models Are Detailed And Accurate



# Performance Comparable With Hand Labor

- Bilateral, cordon configurations
  - Spurs up to 10" long
  - Pre-pruned
- Each pruner
  - \$100,000 - \$150,000
  - 200 acres per year
  - 1 operator for 4 or 5 systems
  - Multiple sets of pruning rules
  - \$200 - \$250 per acre to prune



# Vision Robotics' Intelligent Grapevine Pruner Can Be Complete In 18–24 Months

- Schedule based on financing



# Questions

